THE ASIAN AMERICAN VOTE

A Special Presentation of the Asian American Legal Defense and Education Fund

A Report on the Multilingual Exit Poll from the 2016 Presidential Election
AALDEF • Mission & Program •

IS A NATIONAL ORGANIZATION THAT PROTECTS & PROMOTES THE CIVIL RIGHTS OF ASIAN AMERICANS THROUGH LITIGATION, LEGAL ADVOCACY, AND COMMUNITY EDUCATION.

Educational Equity & Youth Rights

Language Rights (hospitals, courts)

Voting Rights

Immigrants’ Rights

Human Trafficking

Housing

Workers’ Rights (sweatshops, restaurants, construction, Katrina)

New Jersey Legal Project
Asian American Election Protection

124 partners

1. POLL MONITORING
   - Voting Rights Act & Help America Vote Act
   - 2016: Attorneys covered 44 poll sites in 6 cities/neighborhoods in 3 states (NY, NJ, MA)

2. MULTILINGUAL EXIT POLL
   - 2016: 13,846 Asian American voters in 14 states and DC
   - 2014: 4,102 voters in 11 states and DC
   - 2012: 9,096 voters in 14 states and DC
   - 2010: 3,721 voters in 5 states
   - 2008: 16,665 voters in 11 states and DC
   - 2006: 4,726 voters in 9 states and DC
   - 2004: 10,789 voters in 8 states
   - 2002: 3,500 voters in 4 states

POST-ELECTION
voter interviews & complaint letters
Profile of 2016 Asian American Exit Poll Respondents

13,846 Total Surveyed
Profile of 2016 Asian American Exit Poll Respondents

ETHNICITY
- Chinese: 35%
- Asian Indian: 13%
- Bangladeshi: 11%
- Korean: 8%
- Vietnamese: 7%
- Filipino: 6%
- Other Asian: 13%

NATIVITY
- 76% Foreign born, naturalized citizen
- 24% Born in the U.S.
- 9% 0-2 years ago
- 9% 3-5 years ago
- 14% 6-10 years ago
- 44% 10+ years ago

EDUCATION
- 80% Educated in the U.S.
- 20% No formal education in the U.S.
- 10% Elementary school
- 45% High school or trade school degree
- 21% College or university degree
- 1% Advanced degree
NOTE: Japanese Americans and Laotian Americans were surveyed in the exit poll but are excluded from these slides due to a small sample size.
LIMITED ENGLISH PROFICIENCY BY NATIVE LANGUAGE

Very well | Moderate | Not well | Not at all
---|---|---|---
Korean | 37% | 38% | 23% | 2%
Khmer | 41% | 32% | 25% | 3%
Mandarin | 45% | 33% | 20% | 3%
Cantonese | 54% | 22% | 15% | 9%
Bengali | 62% | 34% | 3% | 31%
Vietnamese | 69% | 24% | 9% | 2%
Arabic | 73% | 23% | 4% | 11%
Punjabi | 79% | 19% | 3% | 3%
Gujarati | 79% | 17% | 4% | 11%
Urdu | 84% | 13% | 3% | 3%
Hindi | 90% | 7% | 21% | 21%
Tagalog | 93% | 6% | 1% | 1%

ALL ASIAN AMERICANS

Very well | Moderate | Not well | Not at all
---|---|---|---
69% | 20% | 9% | 2%

Very well | Moderate | Not well | Not at all
---|---|---|---
ALL ASIAN AMERICANS

Very well | Moderate | Not well | Not at all
---|---|---|---
69% | 20% | 9% | 2%
PARTY ENROLLMENT

- Democrat: 59%
- Republican: 12%
- Not Enrolled: 27%
- Other: 3%

Legend:
- Democrat
- Republican
- Not Enrolled
- Other
PARTY ENROLLMENT BY ETHNICITY

Vietnamese
Cambodian
Chinese
Filipino
ALL ASIAN AMERICANS
Multiethnic Asian
Korean
Asian Indian
Arab
Pakistani
Bangladeshi
Indo-Caribbean

Democrat | Not Enrolled | Other | Republican
--- | --- | --- | ---
84% | 8% | 3 | 5
83% | 13% | 2 | 3
79% | 17% | 2 | 2
72% | 18% | 5 | 5
64% | 24% | 2 | 10
63% | 23% | 2 | 12
60% | 23% | 5 | 11
59% | 27% | 3 | 11
52% | 20% | 5 | 23
50% | 36% | 3 | 10
50% | 38% | 6 | 7
39% | 31% | 3 | 27
# Vote for President by State

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Trump</th>
<th>Clinton</th>
<th>Other Candidate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DC</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>93%</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>89%</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PA</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>87%</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MA</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>84%</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NJ</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>83%</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VA</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>81%</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NY</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>81%</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>78%</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CA</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GA</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>71%</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MD</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>70%</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NV</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>69%</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TX</td>
<td>37%</td>
<td>59%</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NM</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>57%</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LA</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>46%</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The table above shows the vote percentages for Trump, Clinton, and Other Candidate by state. The states are listed in descending order of Trump's percentage of the vote. The national statistics are provided at the bottom, showing 18% for Trump, 79% for Clinton, and 2% for Other Candidate.
VOTE FOR PRESIDENT BY STATE - TRENDS

2012→2016
• **California:** Increase in vote for Democratic candidate 62% to 75%

2012→2016
• **Georgia:** Increase in vote for Democratic candidate 61% to 71%

2012→2016
• **Nevada:** Decrease in vote for Democratic candidate 81% to 69%
  • Increase in vote for Republican candidate 18% to 29%

2008→2012→2016
• **Louisiana:** Overwhelmingly Republican in 2008 (85%) and 2012 (81%) to more even split
VOTE FOR PRESIDENT BY ETHNICITY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ethnicity</th>
<th>Trump</th>
<th>Clinton</th>
<th>Other Candidate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pakistani</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>96%</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bangladeshi</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>96%</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indo-Caribbean</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>91%</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arab</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>86%</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian Indian</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>84%</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korean</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>84%</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cambodian</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>84%</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALL ASIAN AMERICANS</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>79%</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinese</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>73%</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filipino</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>71%</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vietnamese</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## VOTE FOR PRESIDENT BY ETHNICITY - TRENDS

### 2008→2012→2016

- **Korean**: Vote for Democratic candidate increased to 84% from 2008 (64%) and 2012 (78%)
- **Filipino**: Increased to 71% from 2008 (59%) and 2012 (65%)
- **Vietnamese**: Increased to 65% from 2008 (30%) and 2012 (54%)

### 2012→2016

- **Chinese**: Vote for Republican candidate increased to 24% from 2012 (17%)
VOTE FOR PRESIDENT BY GENDER

2012→2016:
• **Females:** Vote for Democratic candidate increased - 79% of females voted for Obama and 20% for Romney in 2012
• **Males:** Vote for Democratic and Republican candidates remained the same - 76% of males voted for Obama and 21% for Romney in 2012
CROSSOVER VOTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Party Type</th>
<th>Donald Trump (%)</th>
<th>Hillary Clinton (%)</th>
<th>Other Candidate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Democrat</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>94%</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Republican</td>
<td>78%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other party</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not enrolled</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>73%</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CROSSOVER VOTING – 2012

- **Democrat**: 3% Mitt Romney, 96% Barack Obama
- **Republican**: 85% Mitt Romney, 13% Barack Obama
- **Not enrolled**: 24% Mitt Romney, 73% Barack Obama
VOTE FOR PRESIDENT BY...

ENGLISH PROFICIENCY

- Limited English Proficient: 26% for Donald Trump, 74% for Hillary Clinton
- Read English "Very Well": 15% for Donald Trump, 82% for Hillary Clinton

NATIVITY

- Born in the US: 8% for Donald Trump, 88% for Hillary Clinton
- Foreign-Born, Naturalized Citizen: 22% for Donald Trump, 77% for Hillary Clinton

FIRST-TIME VOTER

- First-Time Voter: 17% for Donald Trump, 81% for Hillary Clinton
VOTE FOR PRESIDENT BY RELIGION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Religion</th>
<th>Donald Trump</th>
<th>Hillary Clinton</th>
<th>Other Candidate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Protestant</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>67%</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catholic</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>70%</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buddhist</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>76%</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hindu</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>84%</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No affiliation</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>81%</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Muslim</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>97%</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
IMPORTANT FACTORS INFLUENCING THE VOTE FOR PRESIDENT

Total mentions, n = 27,889

- Economy/Jobs: 22%
- Immigration/Refugees: 16%
- Health Care: 16%
- Education: 15%
- Terrorism/Security: 10%
- Women's Issues: 10%
- Other Issues: 7%
- Environment: 6%
IMPORTANT FACTORS INFLUENCING THE VOTE FOR PRESIDENT

Total mentions, n = 25,585

- Economy/Jobs: 29% (Trump), 20% (Clinton)
- Immigration/Refugees: 14% (Trump), 17% (Clinton)
- Health Care: 15% (Trump), 16% (Clinton)
- Education: 10% (Trump), 16% (Clinton)
- Women: 2% (Trump), 12% (Clinton)
- Terrorism/Security: 19% (Trump), 8% (Clinton)
- Other: 7% (Trump), 6% (Clinton)
- Environment: 3% (Trump), 7% (Clinton)
# VOTE FOR U.S. SENATE – Florida, Nevada, Pennsylvania

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State</th>
<th>Democratic Candidate</th>
<th>Asian American Vote</th>
<th>Overall Vote</th>
<th>Republican Candidate</th>
<th>Asian American Vote</th>
<th>Overall Vote</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FL</td>
<td>Patrick Murphy</td>
<td>69%</td>
<td>44%</td>
<td>Marco Rubio*</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>52%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NV</td>
<td>Catherine Cortez Masto*</td>
<td>66%</td>
<td>47%</td>
<td>Joe Heck</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>45%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PA</td>
<td>Katie McGinty</td>
<td>79%</td>
<td>47%</td>
<td>Pat Toomey*</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>49%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Average Asian American Democratic Margin = +25% **
Average Asian American Republican Margin = -26% **

*Winners
**VOTE FOR LOUISIANA SENATE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Candidates</th>
<th>Asian American Vote</th>
<th>Overall Vote</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Charles Boustany</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foster Campbell</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joseph Cao</td>
<td>62%</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caroline Fayard</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>13%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John Kennedy*</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*In the December 10, 2016 runoff election between John Kennedy and Foster Campbell, John Kennedy won with 61% of the vote.*
Asian American Exit Poll
Issue Questions

1. Do you support stricter gun control laws?
2. Do you think that police departments treat racial and ethnic groups equally?
3. Do you support laws to protect gay and transgender people from discrimination in employment, housing, and public accommodations?
4. Do you support comprehensive immigration reform, including a path to citizenship for undocumented people?
Do you support stricter gun control laws?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Party</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>Don't Know</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Democrat</td>
<td>82%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Republican</td>
<td>61%</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other party</td>
<td>67%</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not enrolled</td>
<td>76%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>78%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Do you support stricter gun control laws?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ethnicity</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>Don't Know</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cambodian</td>
<td>55%</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>19%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arab</td>
<td>66%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vietnamese</td>
<td>70%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bangladeshi</td>
<td>74%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pakistani</td>
<td>78%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALL ASIAN AMERICANS</td>
<td>78%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filipino</td>
<td>78%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinese</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian Indian</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korean</td>
<td>82%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indo-Caribbean</td>
<td>83%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Do you support stricter gun control laws?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>Don't Know</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>18-29</td>
<td>73%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>13%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-39</td>
<td>76%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40-49</td>
<td>78%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-59</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60-69</td>
<td>82%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70+</td>
<td>83%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>78%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Do you think that police departments treat racial and ethnic groups equally?

Voters were most split on this issue.
**Do you think that police departments treat racial and ethnic groups equally?**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ethnicity</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>Don't Know</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Korean</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>64%</td>
<td>16%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indo-Caribbean</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>59%</td>
<td>19%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chinese</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>26%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALL ASIAN AMERICANS</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>24%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian Indian</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>49%</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arab</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>24%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pakistani</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bangladeshi</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>44%</td>
<td>26%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filipino</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>47%</td>
<td>22%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vietnamese</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>41%</td>
<td>28%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cambodian</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>28%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Do you think that police departments treat racial and ethnic groups equally?**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age</th>
<th>Yes</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>Don't Know</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>18-29</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>68%</td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30-39</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>54%</td>
<td>24%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>40-49</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>45%</td>
<td>27%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>50-59</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>41%</td>
<td>29%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>60-69</td>
<td>34%</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>27%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>70+</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>28%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>24%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Do you support laws to protect gay and transgender people from discrimination in employment, housing, and public accommodations?

Overall, 65% support

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Party</th>
<th>Strongly Support</th>
<th>Support</th>
<th>Oppose</th>
<th>Strongly Oppose</th>
<th>Don't Know</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Democrat</td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Republican</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other party</td>
<td>35%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not enrolled</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Do you support laws to protect gay and transgender people from discrimination in employment, housing, and public accommodations?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Religion</th>
<th>Strongly Support</th>
<th>Support</th>
<th>Oppose</th>
<th>Strongly Oppose</th>
<th>Don't Know</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No affiliation</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>14%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hindu</td>
<td>45%</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catholic</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buddhist</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Muslim</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protestant</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>19%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Do you support comprehensive immigration reform, including a path to citizenship for undocumented people?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Party</th>
<th>Strongly Support</th>
<th>Support</th>
<th>Oppose</th>
<th>Strongly Oppose</th>
<th>Don't Know</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Democrat</td>
<td>37%</td>
<td>35%</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Republican</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other party</td>
<td>35%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>19</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not enrolled</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>35%</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>34%</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

→ Overall, 65% support
Do you support comprehensive immigration reform, including a path to citizenship for undocumented people?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ethnicity</th>
<th>Strongly Support</th>
<th>Support</th>
<th>Oppose</th>
<th>Strongly Oppose</th>
<th>Don't Know</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Chinese</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>35%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>22%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vietnamese</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>28%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cambodian</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>37%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>24%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korean</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>43%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>18%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALL ASIAN AMERICANS</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>34%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian Indian</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>19%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pakistani</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>35%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>22%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Filipino</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>13%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arab</td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bangladeshi</td>
<td>43%</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>19%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indo-Caribbean</td>
<td>47%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
VOTING PROBLEMS

291
required to prove U.S. citizenship

88 voters
complained that poll workers were rude or hostile

144
complained that no interpreters or translations were available when they needed the help

284
complained that their names were missing or had errors in the list of voters at poll sites

218
voted by provisional ballot

126
questioned whether poll workers did not know what to do

119
directed to the wrong poll site or voting machine/table
NEXT STEPS

• Enforcement of Language Assistance Provisions (Section 203/208) of Voting Rights Act for:
  • Lowell, MA – Cambodian
  • Malden, MA – Chinese
  • Middlesex, NJ – Asian Indian
  • Fairfax, VA – Vietnamese
  • Terrant, TX – Vietnamese

• United States Court of Appeals Fifth Circuit – OCA Greater Houston v. Texas
  • Protect LEP voters’ ability to choose interpreter of their choice (Section 208 of VRA)

• Enforcement of State Election Law and Voting Rights Act for:
  • Pennsylvania regarding language access (Boat People S.O.S. v. City of Philadelphia)
  • Washington, D.C. regarding Chinese and Vietnamese language assistance (D.C. Language Access Act)

• Poll Monitoring and Exit Poll for 2017 Elections in:
  • New York City (Mayoral, City Council, and other citywide elections)
  • New Jersey (Gubernatorial)
  • Virginia (Gubernatorial)
  • Boston (Mayoral)
Thank you to our co-sponsors!

**Firms**
- Ballard Spahr LLP
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- Fish & Richardson PC
- Hogan Lovells
- Hunton & Williams LLP
- Kilpatrick Townsend & Stockton LLP
- McCarter & English LLP
- Milbank, Tweed, Hadley & McCloy LLP
- Ropes & Gray LLP
- Shearman & Sterling LLP
- Weil, Gotshal & Manges LLP

**Local Organizations**
- Asian Law Alliance
- Adhikaar
- American Citizens for Justice / Asian American Center for Justice (ACJ)
- Apex for Youth
- APIAVote-Michigan (APIAVote-MI)
- APIs CAN
- Asian American Bar Association of New York (AABANY)
- Asian American Bar Association of the Greater NY
- Asian American Bar Association of Virginia, Inc. (APABA-VA)
- Asian American Bar Association of the Greater Washington, D.C. Area (APABA-DC)
- Asian American Bar Association of Virginia, Inc. (APABA-VA)
- Asian American Community Legal Resource Center (APALRC)
- Asian Pacific Islander American Public Affairs Association (APAPA Austin)
- Austin Asian American Bar Association (AAABA)
- Boat People SOS Delaware Valley
- Boston Chinatown Neighborhood Center
- Center for Pan Asian Community Services (CPACS)
- Charles B. Wang Community Health Center (CBWCHC)
- Chhaya CDC
- Chinese Progressive Association (CPA Boston)
- Coalition of Asian Pacific Americans of Virginia (CAPA)
- Council of Asian Pacific Americans (CAPA)
- Dallas Asian American Bar Association (DAABA)
- Dallas/Fort Worth Asian-American Citizens Council (DFW AACC)
- Filipino American Human Services, Inc. (FAHSI)
- Filipino American Lawyers Association of NY (FALA NY)
- Filipino American Legal Defense & Education Fund (FALDEF)
- Filipinos Bar Association of Northern California (FBANC)
- Gay Asian Pacific Islander Men of New York (GAPIMNY)
- Georgia Asian Pacific American Bar Association (APABA)
- Greater Boston Legal Services
- Indo-Caribbean Alliance
- JCI Philippine-New York (Jaycees)
- KhushDC
- Korean American Bar Association of New Jersey (KABA-NJ)
- Korean American Bar Association of Pennsylvania (KABA-PA)
- Korean American Civic Empowerment (KACE)
- Louisiana Asian Pacific American Bar Association (LAPABA)
- Michigan Asian Pacific American Bar Association (MAPABA)
- MinKwon Center for Community Action
- Muslim Bar Association of New York (MubANY)
- National Asian Pacific American Women’s Forum DC Chapter (NAPAWF DC)
- National Asian Pacific American Women’s Forum NYC Chapter (NAPAWF *NYC)
- New Mexico Asian Family Center (NMAFC)
- OCA Greater Houston Chapter
- Oregon Institute of Oriental Medicine (OAIM)
- Pennsylvania Immigration and Citizenship Coalition (PICC)
- Pilipino American Unity for Progress NY (UniPro NY)
- South Asian Bar Association of New Jersey (SABA-NJ)
- South Asian Bar Association of New York (SABANY)
- South Asian Bar Association of San Diego (SABA-SD)
- South Asian Bar Association of Washington DC (SABA-DC)
- South Asian Community Care Organization (SACO)
- Southeast Asian Coalition of Massachusetts
- Southeast Asian Mutual Assistance Associations Coalition, Inc. (SEAMAAAC)
- Strong Families NM, of Forward Together
- United Chinese Association of Brooklyn (UCA)
- VietLead
- Vietnamese American Young Leaders Association of New Orleans (VAYLA)
- Voice of Vietnamese Americans (VVA)

**National Organizations**
- Alliance of South Asian American Labor (ASAAL)
- APIAVote
- Asian Pacific American Bar Association of the Greater NY
- Asian Pacific American Bar Association of Pennsylvania (APABA-PA)
- Asian Pacific American Bar Association of the Greater Washington, D.C. Area (APABA-DC)
- Asian Pacific American Lawyers Association of NJ (APALA-NJ)
- Asian Pacific American Labor Alliance (APALA - Nevada)
- Asian Pacific American Lawyers Association of NJ (APALA-NJ)
- Asian Pacific American Legal Resource Center (APALRC)
- Asian Pacific Islander American Public Affairs Association (APAPA Austin)
- Austin Asian American Bar Association (AAABA)
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- Vietnamese American Young Leaders Association of New Orleans (VAYLA)
- Voice of Vietnamese Americans (VVA)

**School Organizations**
- Brooklyn Law APALSA
- Cardozo APALSA
- Columbia APALSA
- Columbia School of Social Work Asian Pacific Islander Student Caucus (CSSW API Caucus)
- CUNY School of Law, APALSA
- Drexel APALSA
- Emory Asian Student Organization (ASO)
- Georgetown APALSA
- Harvard APALSA
- Harvard Students Asian Pacific Coalition (HSAPC)
- Hunter Asian American Studies Program
- Loyola University New Orleans College of Law, APALSA
- Michigan Law APALSA
- NYU APALSA
- Princeton Asian American Students Association (AASA)
- Santa Clara APALSA
- St. John’s APALSA
- Temple APALSA
- Tufts Asian Student Coalition (TASC)
- UMass Boston Asian American Studies
- UMD College Park Asian American Studies Program
- University of Miami School of Law APALSA
- University of Nevada Las Vegas, William S. Boyd School of Law APALSA
- UPenn APALSA
- UPenn Asian Pacific Student Coalition (APSC)
- UT Austin Center for Asian American Studies
THE ASIAN AMERICAN VOTE
A Special Presentation of the Asian American Legal Defense and Education Fund
A Report on the Multilingual Exit Poll from the 2016 Presidential Election

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